Suspension of duty beaefife to Indian imports by U.S.A.

486. DR. BAPU KALDATE;
SHRI MOHAMMED AFZAL: *alias* MEEM AFZAL:
SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA:

will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) what would be the impact on the country's exports to USA with the suspension of duty benefits to certain Indian imports;

(b) what is the outcome of the talks, if any, held by Government with USA in this regerd;

(c) whether it is also a fact that U.S.A. has suspended duty free treatment to pharmaceuticals and chemicals from India;

(d) if so, what are the names of the pharmaceuticals and chemicals effected by this move;

(e) what is the amount of loss to India as a result thereof; and

(f) what remedial steps are being taken by Government in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED): (a) to (f) on 29 April, 1992 United States Government announced suspension of duty free treatment under GSP to 60 million dollars worth of Indian exports to the US The decision covered mainly pharmaceuticals. chemicals and allied products figuring under chapters 28-38 of the Harmonised System Tariff Schedule. The suspension of GSP benefits was made effective from May 19, 1992. As a result of the US action the affected products would no longer be eligible for duty free treatment when imported from India, but attract Most Favoured Nation tariffs, ranging from 0.5 percent to 17.5 percent' While it is too •early to make a quantitative assessment of the loss in exports as a result of the US decision, it is very likely that products attracting relatively higher rates of tariff would f scorn uncompetitive in the US marfet. Government of India's view that this action was unjustifled untimely and unwarranted was conveyed to the US authorities. The US response was that the decision could' be reversed if India addressed US concerns on patent protection.

Issuance of instructions for the payment of CCS.

487. SHRl VIREN J. SHAH: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have issued any instructions for the payment of Cash Compensatory Support to exporters against their pending applications;

(b) if so. what are the details of instructions issued in this regard;

(c) the details of amount released so far, in 1992 for payment of Cash Compensatory Support to exporters;

(d) what are the numbers and details of applications of exporters pending in Delhi, Bombay and other offices as on the 31st March. 1992;

(e) what are the details of the amount allocated to each oflice and payment; made by them upto the 31st March. 1992 and the 30lh June, 1992; and

(f) what is the number of applications pending in each office on the 1st July, 1992 and when these are likely to be cleared for payment of CCS?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED): (a) and (b)The procedure for payment of CCS has been laid down in the Hand Book of Procedures. According to this procedure, the exporters have to prefer their claim forayment of CCS within a period of 24 months. Applications received after this period are summarily rejected. No new instructions have been issued for such payment's during 1992-93.

(c) The amount released so far for the year 1992-93 is Rs. 180 crores,

(d) *to* (f) The information is being collected from various port licensing offices and will be laid on the Table of the House.

पूर्ति और निपटान महानिदेशालय द्वारा माल की खरीद

488. **श्री विश्वासराव रामराव पाटिल:** क्या वाणिज्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) पूर्ति और निपटान महानिदेशालय, विभिन्न सरकारी विभागों को आगे पूर्ति करने हेतु किन-किन संगठनों से माल खरीदता है ; और

(ख) इस संबंध में ब्यौरा क्या है ?

वाणिज्य मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री (श्री सलमान खुर्शीद): (क) और (ख) पूर्ति तथा निपटान महानिदेशालय द्वारा किया जाने वाला अधिप्राप्ति का कार्य किसी एक विशिष्ट अथवा विनिर्दिष्ट संगठन तक सीमित नहीं होता। पूर्ति तथा निपटान महानिदेशालय अखिल भारतीय आधार पर प्रतियोगी बोलियों के माध्यम से बड़ी संख्या में मदों की अधिप्राप्ति करता है । 1990–91 के दौरान पूर्ति तथा निपटान महानिदेशालय ने अधिप्राप्ति के लिए 7372 ठेके तय किये ।

Inquiring about the rate contract of G.I. Pipes by State Governments

489. SHRI VISBWASRAO RAM RAO PATIL: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to refer to reply to Unstarred Question 681 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 5th May, 1992 and state:

(a) whether several State Governments have enquired about the status of the Rate contract of G.I. Pipes;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) by when, the final decision is likely to be taken by the Government in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Governments of Bihar, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh have enquired about the rate contract.

(c) Rate Contracts for G.I. Pipes have since been concluded.

Contribution of non-traditional items to export

490. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the contribution of non-traditional items in total exports of the country;

(b) what are the details of the export promotion policy/strategies adopted to enhance the export of non-traditional items; and

(c) what has been the impact of these strategies on the export of non-traditional items?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SALMAN KHURSHEED): (a) According to provisional estimates, the non-traditional items contributed about 70% of our total exports during the financial year 1991-92.

(b) Several changes in trade policy were introduced since July 1991 aimed at strengthening export incentives, eliminating a substantial volume of import licensing and rationalising the import tariff structure. In the Budget for 1992-93, rupee was made partially convertible to encourage generation of foreign exchange and export of value added items. These have been further consolidated in the new Export-Import Policy announced on 31st March, 1992 and revised on July 1, 1992 which *inter-alia,* aims to promote the productivity, modernisation and competitiveness of Indian industry and thereby to enhance its export capabilities. The Government has also announced a 5-point